वर्ष 1993-94 तक किन-किन राज्यों को कितनी-कितनी सहायता राशि प्रदान की गई है;

(ग) देश के कौन-कौन से राज्यों ने मंत्रालय से निजी प्रैक्टिस पर प्रतिबंध लगाने तथा इस संबंध में केन्द्रीय सहायता देने की मांग की है और ये प्रस्ताव कब से विचाराधीन है; और

(घ) क्या मध्य प्रदेश सरकार ने कभी इस प्रकार का प्रस्ताव केन्द्रीय सरकार के समक्ष रखा है; यदि हां, तो उस पर की गई कार्यवाही का ब्यौरा क्या है?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री (श्री पवनसिंह घाटोबार): (क) से (घ) संविधान के अधीन स्वास्थ्य प्रारम्भिक तौर पर राज्य का विषय है और डाक्टरों द्वारा की जा रही प्राइवेट प्रैक्टिस पर उपयुक्त विधान द्वारा प्रतिबंध लगाना संबंधित राज्य सरकार का कार्य है। डाक्टरों द्वारा की जा रही प्राईवेट प्रैक्टिस पर प्रतिबंध लगाने के कारण सरकार द्वारा किये गये अतिरिक्त खर्च की प्रतिपूर्ति करने संबंधी कोई स्कीम/प्रस्ताव केन्द्र प्रस्ताव केन्द्र सरकार के पास नहीं है।

**Provision for Cardiac Care in Government dispensaries**

4720. SHRI O. P. KOHLI: Will the Minister of PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether 90 per cent of the patients who suffer from heart attack in the country are not getting even basic cardiac care which is necessary before rushing them to the hospitals;

(b) whether the mode of treatment varies from hospital to hospital; and

(c) if so, whether Government propose to provide cardiac care to the people at the primary health care centres and in the Government dispensaries in cities?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): (a) No such information is available.

(b) The principles of treatment of heart-attack is the same in all hospitals, but the exact mode of applying their principles may very depending on the availability of diagnostic, monitoring and treatment facilities.

(c) Primary treatment facilities for heart patients are available in almost all the District and sub-divisional hospitals.

**Cases of Cholera and Gastroenterics**

4721. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:
SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:
SHRI YERRA NARAYANA-SWAMY:
Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether cholera and gastro-enterics have afflicted large parts of Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Gujarat and other States and Union Terriotories in 1994-95;

(b) if so, the number of cases reported this year and the comparative figures for the past two years and whether the frequency is due to poor sanitation and poor water quality; and

(c) the steps taken by Government, indicating the Central assistance in cash and the help rendered to handle the situation effectively?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): (a) Cholera and gastroenterics cases have been reported in some parts of the country during 1994-95.

(b) As per available information 1,76,532 cases of cholera and acute diarrhoeal diseases (including gastroenterics) were reported in the country during the period January to March, 1995. The corresponding figures for the years 1993-94 and 1994 are 19,22,567 and 17,10,900 respectively.

Diarrhoeal diseases and other water borne diseases are caused by inadequate and unsafe water supply and poor waste disposal facilities creating unhygienic conditions particularly amongs low soci-economic groups.